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### Virginia Land Patents.

(PREPARED BY W. G. STANARD.)

(59) THOMAS SULLEY, of Elizabeth City, planter, 94 acres lying towards the head of Southampton River, due as part of his own personal dividend, being an ancient planter; and 6 acres more in the Island of James City. Granted by Francis West, Nov. 30, 1628,

(60) MARTHA KEY, wife of Thomas Key [1], of Warwick River, planter (as his personal dividend, being an ancient planter), 150 acres lying on Warwicksqueake River, opposite the land of Captain Nathaniel Basse [2] and adjoining that of Rice Jones. Granted by F. West Dec. 2d, 1626.

#### NOTES.

[1] Thomas Key was member of the House of Burgesses for Denbigh 1629-30.

[2] Captain Nathaniel Basse, born 1589, came to Virginia in 1622. (*Hotten*). On June 2d, 1620, and January 30, 1621-2, he, with his associates, Sir Richard Worsley, Bart. John Hobson, gent., and Captain Christopher Lawne, agreed with the Virginia Company to transport 100 persons to Virginia, and received a confirmation of their old patent, the plantation on which was to be called "the Isle of Wight's plantation." (*Proceedings of Virginia Company*). The members of this company were probably residents of the English Isle of Wight (Sir Richard Worsley certainly was), and the place of the settlement gained the name of Isle of Wight county. Captain Nathaniel Basse was member of the House of Burgesses for Warrosquoiacke, March, 1623-4, and October, 1629.

(61) RICE JONES, of Warwick River (as his first dividend), 50 acres, due by virtue of his own transportation from Canada in the *John and Francis*, in 1623; said land lying on the easterly side of Warwicksqueake River. Granted by F. West, Dec. 2d, 1628.

(62) PHETLIPLACE CLAUSE [1], as his first personal dividend, 100 acres on the east side of Warwicksqueake River. Said land is granted in lieu of 100 acres on the upper part of the river, which was formerly granted him in May, 1619, by Sir George Yeardley, Knight, and resigned "in regard of the great danger of planting the same." Granted Dec. 2d, 1626, by F. West.

## NOTE.

[1] Phetliplace Clause settled in Virginia before 1619; was Burgess for Mulberry Island October, 1629, and for "From Denbigh to Waters' Creek" in 1632.

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(63) JOHN LEYDON [1], ancient planter (as his first personal dividend), 100 acres lying on the east side of the creek called Blunt Point Creek, adjoining the land leased to William Cooksey, and the land now in the tenant of Anthony Burrows and William Harris. Said land being in lieu of 100 acres in the Island of Henrico [2], formerly granted to him February 26th, 1619, and now resigned in regard of the great danger in seating there. Granted Dec. 2d, 1628, by F. West.

## NOTES.

[1] John Laydon (or Layton), born 1580; came to Virginia in 1607 (*Hotten*). His marriage with Ann Burras (born 1594, came to Virginia in 1608), maid to Mrs. Forrest, was the first solemnized in the Colony (*Campbell* 65). In 1624 they had four daughters—Virginia, Alice, Katherine and Mary—all born in Virginia (*Hotten*). The first named, Virginia Layton, was the first child born of parents who were married in Virginia.

[2] This place, long known as Farrar's Island, is in the county of Henrico, and was a peninsula until cut off from the main by the Dutch Gap canal. It was the site of the "town," or settlement, called Henricopolis, founded by Dale in 1611 (see *Campbell's History of Virginia*, 105, 106).

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(64) ROBERT SWEETE, of Elizabeth City, gentleman (as his first personal dividend), 150 acres, lying below a creek called Waters' Creek [now called Watts' Creek], and abutting westerly upon the land granted to Robert Hutchins, mariner. Due for the transportation of himself, who came in the *Neptune* in 1618, of John Rutherford, who came in the *Warwicke* in 1621, and of John Weaver, who came in the *John and Francis* in 1623. Granted by John Pott, March 17, 1628.

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(65) WILLIAM ANDREWS, [1] of Accomack, planter (as his first dividend), 100 acres on the Eastern Shore of the "Bay of Chesepeiake," abutting northerly on Captain William Epes' land, and extending towards the persimmon ponds. Due for the transportation of Robert Owles and John Holmes, who came in the *Southampton* in 1622, at the charges of William Ferrar, Esq., who made over the rights to said Andrews. Granted by John Pott, March 14, 1628.

## NOTE.

[1] Major William Andrews was a Justice of Northampton county

1640 to 1655, and by his will, dated Feb. 20, 1654, and proved, Northampton county, Feb. 30, 1655, bequeathed his estate to his wife, Mary, sons William, John, Robert, and Andrew, daughter Susannah, and granddaughters Elisheba and Elizabeth Andrews, children of William Andrews. On February 19, 1659, William Smart, John Stringer, William Andrews, and Thomas Harmanson gave bond in Northampton as security to care properly for the persons and estates of the children of Lieutenant-Colonel William Andrews. William Andrews, Jr., was elected sheriff of Northampton by the Council of State April 3d, 1655, and was a member of the House of Burgesses for Northampton in 1663. In 1656, it appears from an entry in the Northampton records, that Mr. William Smart had married the widow of "Mr. William Andrews." Whether this referred to the father or the son the writer has no information. William Andrews, Jr., married Dorothea, widow of Mountjoy Evelyn, and daughter of Col. Obedience Robins, of "Cherrystone."

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(66) CAPTAIN THOMAS GRAVES [1], ancient planter (as his first dividend), 200 acres on the Eastern Shore of the "Bay of Chesepeake," abutting southerly on the land of Captain Henry Fleet [2]. Said land due by virtue of an adventure of five and twenty pounds, paid by the said Graves to Sir Thomas Smith, late Treasurer of the Company of Virginia. Granted by John Pott, March 14th, 1628.

#### NOTES.

[1] Captain Thomas Graves came to Virginia in 1607; was at one time made prisoner by the Indians, but was ransomed. Was commissioner [justice] for Accomac 1629, and Burgess for the same, 1632.

[2] The distinguished maternal ancestry of Henry Fleet should be first noticed in a sketch of him and his family. Sir Henry Wyatt, of Allington Castle, Kent, "was a prominent figure at the Court of Henry VIII (1495-1509), and accompanied him to the Field of the Cloth of Gold" (*Encyc. Brit.*). His son, Sir Thomas Wyatt, the Poet, was born 1503, and died October 11th, 1542. "Undoubtedly the leader and the acknowledged master of 'the company of courtly makers,' who, in the reign of Henry VIII, under Italian influence, transformed the character of English poetry. He took bachelor's degree at Cambridge at 15; was knighted in 1536, and was twice sent as ambassador to the Emperor (Charles V), a strong proof of his repute as a statesman and diplomatist" (*Encyc. Brit.*) He married Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Brooke, Lord Cobham, and had a son, Sir Thomas Wyatt, the Rebel, born 1520, beheaded on Tower Hill, April 11th, 1554. "From 1545 to 1550 he commanded at Boulogne, and in 1554 led the Kentish (Protestant) insurgents in the Duke of Suffolk's conspiracy, on occasion of the proposed marriage of Queen Mary with Philip II." (*Am. Encyc.*) "A cry that the Spaniards were coming 'to

conquer the relm' (and restore England to the Pope) drew thousands to Wyatt's standard. The ships in the Thames submitted to be seized by the insurgents. A party of train bands of London, who marched with the royal guard, under the old Duke of Norfolk, deserted to the Rebels in a mass, with shouts of 'A Wyatt, a Wyatt. We are all Englishmen.'" (*Green's English People*.) "He entered London at the head of his followers, and, after a fight in the streets, he was captured, February 7th, imprisoned in the Tower, and beheaded April 11, 1554." (*Am. Encyc.*) He married Jane, daughter of Sir Wm. Howt, and had a daughter, Joan Wyatt, who married Charles Scott, son of Sir Reginald Scott, of Scott's Hall, Kent, who "was captain of the castles of Calais and Langette; high sheriff of Kent, 1541-2; was principally engaged abroad in military service; died December 16, 1554. \* \* \* Married (2) Mary, daughter of Sir Bryan Tuke, secretary to Cardinal Wolsey, and had by her Mary, who married Richard Argall, and Charles [named above], who married Jane Wyatt." (*Brown's Genesis* and *Berry's Kentish Pedigrees*). Deborah, daughter of Charles and Jane Scott, married WILLIAM<sup>1</sup> FLEET, gent., of Chatham, Kent, who was a member of the Virginia Company, under the 3d charter, and subscribed and paid £37 10sh. They had issue seven sons and four daughters. Four of the sons were among the early emigrants to Virginia and Maryland, viz: 1. *Henry*<sup>2</sup>; 2. *Edward*<sup>2</sup>, member of the Maryland Legislature in 1638; 3. *Reginold*<sup>2</sup>, member of the Maryland Legislature 1638; 4. *John*<sup>2</sup>, member of the Maryland Legislature 1638; believed to have been the person of the name who patented land at Tindall's Point, Gloucester county, Virginia, in 1662, and was living there in 1667.

1. *Henry*<sup>2</sup> Fleet, born probably 1595-1600, died about 1661; came to Virginia at an early date, was captured by the Indians on the Potomac in 1623; remained a captive until 1627, during which time he acquired a familiar knowledge of their language; was ransomed, and in 1627 went to England. Becoming a partner and agent for several London merchants, he was engaged for years in the Indian trade. He was an interpreter, trader and legislator in Maryland, and finally settled at Fleet's Bay, Lancaster county, Virginia. He was Burgess for Lancaster in 1652, and engaged in an expedition against the Indians in 1660. His opinions in regard to Indian affairs seem to have had much weight in the colony. He wrote "A Brief Journal of a Voyage made in the Bark Virginia, to Virginia and the other parts of the Continent of America," the MS. of which is in the Lambeth Palace Library, London, and which Neill published in his "Founders of Maryland." Streeter, in his "Papers Relating to the Early History of Maryland," says of him: "He was an active man, a useful citizen, a shrewd leader, an excellent interpreter, and contributed his full share towards laying the foundations of the Colony of Maryland, and building up the Colony of Virginia."

Captain Henry Fleet was a Justice of Lancaster 1653, and on the division of the county (when Rappahannock was formed) he was appointed by the Assembly, December 13, 1656, a Justice of Lancaster (of the quorum, and 2d in the commission), and lieutenant-colonel of militia. (*Lancaster Records*). There is recorded in Northumberland (the date is gone, but is about 1659), a deed from Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Fleet, conveying 300 acres of land to Christopher Garlington. Sarah, wife of Col. Fleet, joins in the deed. In 1650 he had a grant of 1,750 acres at Fleet's Bay, and received, in all, grants for 13,197 acres. From a record in Lancaster, May 8, 1661, it appears that Sarah Fleet was widow of Lt.-Colonel Henry Fleet. She married subsequently Col. John Walker, of Rappahannock county (and formerly of Gloucester), member of the Council, and had by this marriage (as appears from her will, recorded at Essex C. H.), several daughters, one of whom was named Sarah. (It appears that Mr. Hayden was mistaken in his statement in "Virginia Genealogies" that Edwin Conway married Sarah Fleet. Her name was Sarah Walker, and hence the name of Walker Conway). There is recorded in Lancaster, in 1715, and then acknowledged by Henry Fleet, a deed from the said Henry Fleet, who, at the time of making it, resided in Fairfield parish, Northumberland, conveying, in consideration of £1,000, all his title to 2,000 acres of land in Cittenburne parish, which was granted to Col. Henry Fleet in 1657; afterwards, in 1661, granted to Walter Granger, who assigned it to Col. John Walker, and by Walker's will it was left to his (Walker's) daughter, Sarah, and had since been surveyed and divided by said Conway in right of his wife, Sarah. There are also several deeds at Essex C. H., which speak of Sarah, wife of Edwin Conway, as one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Col. John Walker.

Col. Henry<sup>2</sup> and Sarah Fleet had issue : 5. Henry<sup>3</sup>.

5. HENRY<sup>3</sup> FLEET (born — ; died 1728), was a justice of Lancaster 1695. and sheriff 1718 and 1719. There are recorded in Lancaster the following deeds: (1) Henry Fleet, of Northumberland county, gent., to John Turberville, of the same county, merchant, for 188 acres at Fleet's Bay, Lancaster, Nov. 29, 1689. (2) Henry Fleet, of Lancaster, to his son Henry Fleet, Jr., of same, 500 acres, part of the land called Fleet's Island, Feb. 11th, 1718. (3) Henry Fleet to his son William Fleet, 300 acres, part of Fleet's Island, Feb. 11, 1718. Following is his will:

"In the name of God, amen! I, Henry Fleet, of the county of Lancaster, being of sound memory, do make this my last will and testament in the manner following, viz: I bequeath my soul to God, my creator, and my body to the earth, its original, being fully assured the sacrifice of Christ is a worthy expiator for all the sins of the faithful, and therefore hope that my soul and body will have a joyful meeting at the resurrection of the just by the merits, mediation, and intercession of my complete Redeemer, the Lord Jesus Christ.

I give to my son, Henry Fleet, the plantation that Patrick Mullin now lives on and all the land thereunto belonging, from Wm. Fleet's line down to the mouth of the old house creek. The said land and appurtenances I give unto the said Henry Fleet and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten and for want of such issue to my son, William Fleet, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, and for want of such male issue to my grandson, Harry Currell and his heirs forever. Item: I give to my son, William Fleet, the plantation I now live on and all the land adjoining thereunto as far as the narrows, including the island plantation and all the land thereunto belonging, which said plantations and the land and appurtenances in the whole tract not before given I give to my son, William, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, and for want of such issue to my grandson, Maior Brent, and his heirs forever. Item: I give to my son, Henry Fleet, my best saddle and all the furniture thereto belonging. Item: I give to my son, William Fleet, all my wearing apparel and also my sword and belt. Item: I give to my loving wife for life the plantation whereon I now live with as much land as she shall have occasion for, also the use and profits of three negroes called Jack, Bess and Sampson, and after her decease I give the said three negroes to my daughter, Elizabeth Currell, and her heirs. Item: I give to my daughter, Elizabeth Currell, and her heirs four negroes by name Saul, Lucy, Bess and boy called Jack Snelgrove, three whereof she has already received. Item: I give to my granddaughter, Ann Currell, and her heirs a negro girl called Winney and all her increase. Item: I give to my daughter, Judith Hobson and her heirs two negroes called Daniel and Pegg, now in her possession. Item: I give to my said daughter, Judith, for life the use of three negroes named Richard, Isaac and Hannah, and after her decease I give Hannah and her increase and Isaac to my granddaughter, Sarah Hobson, and her heirs and I give Richard to my granddaughter, Judith Hobson, and her heirs. Item: I give to my granddaughter, Mary Cox, and her heirs two negroes called Newman and Nell, now in her possession. Item: I give to my third daughter, Mary, for life the use of three negroes, viz: a girl called Hannah and Sue and Anthony, and after her decease I give said three negroes and their future increase to Fleet Cox and his heirs. Item: I give to my granddaughter, Elizabeth Howson, and her heirs two negroes that her father received of me called Sary and Patty and their increase. Item: I give to my three grandsons, John Fleet, Maior Brent and Harry Currell, each a mourning suit of twenty shilling price. Item: I give all the rest of my personal estate to be equally divided amongst my wife and three daughters, Elizabeth, Judith and Mary. Item: It is my will that my estate shall not be appraised, unless desired by my executrix. Item: I appoint my son, William Fleet, and my two daughters, Elizabeth Currell and Judith Hobson, my executors.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 31st day of January, 1728.

[SEAL]

HENRY FLEET.

Signed and sealed and published in the presence of

EDWIN CONWAY,  
ANN CONWAY,  
EDWIN CONWAY, JR."

He married Elizabeth (the will of Jane Wildey, widow, dated April 11th, 1701, and proved Northumberland, Dec. 19th, 1701, names her daughter Elizabeth Fleet, and her son Wm. Wildey) and had issue: 6. *Henry*<sup>4</sup>; 7. *William*<sup>4</sup>; 8. Elizabeth<sup>4</sup> married — Currell; 9. Judith<sup>4</sup> married Wm. Hobson, of Northumberland—marriage bond dated June 28, 1723 (*Lanc. Records*); 5. Margaret<sup>4</sup> (called Mary in her father's will), married Presley Cox, of Cople parish, Westmoreland—marriage bond dated — (*Lanc. Records*); 6. Ann<sup>4</sup> married Leonard Howson, of Wiccomico, Northumberland—marriage bond dated June 10th, 1722 (*Lanc. Records*). 7. Dau. married — Brent.

6. HENRY FLEET<sup>4</sup> was sheriff of Lancaster 1729 and 1730, and died unmarried in 1735. His will is as follows:

WILL OF HENRY FLEET, JR., OF LANCASTER CO., VA., 1735.

*In the name of God Amen:*

I Henry Fleet of the parish of Christ Church, in the County of Lancaster, Gentn. being sick in body, but of perfect sense and memory do make this my last will and testament in manner as followeth, that is to say first and principally I commend my soul to the Almighty God, and my body to a decent burial. Item, my will is that my just debts be fully paid and satisfied. Item, I give and bequeath twenty pounds current money to the poor of Christ Church parish aforesaid, to be laid out or distributed as the vestry of the said parish shall think convenient. Item, I lend to my mother, Mrs. Elizth. Fleet, my negro boy cupid during her natural life, and after her decease I give the said negro to Saml. Hinton. Item, I give and bequeath to the said Saml. Hinton my tract of land which I bought from Chas. Kelly, with its appurtenances as also my term yet to come in the lands adjoining the said tract, which I lately leased from the said Chas., to him the said Saml. and his male heirs lawfully begotten forever. Item, I give and bequeath to the aforesaid Saml. Hinton my two negro men Lewis and Phill, also my horse Pompey, my still, my great looking glass and desk, my silver hilted sword and belt, my trunk and all my clothes therein, also my plank and framing stuff and other necessities I have provided for my building on the plantation where he lives. Item, I give and bequeath to Rebecca Banton my dwelling plantation with its appurte-



nances to contain two hundred and fifty acres contiguous, during her natural life, and after her decease, I give the said plantation, land and appurtenances unto my nephew, George Fleet and the heirs of his body lawfully begotten forever. Item. I lend the use of my negroes hereafter named, viz. Bristow, Terry, Sally, Libby, Jenny, Kate, Joe and Judy to the said Rebecca Banton during her natural life, and after her decease I give the said negroes and their increase to the aforesaid Saml. Hinton and his heirs male, and do then annex the said slaves to the lands before by me given to him in this my last will and testament. Item. My will is that my negro boy James serve the said Rebecca Banton till he attains the age of twenty-four years, and that she then obtain his freedom as the law requires. Item. I give and bequeath unto my nephew George Fleet, my negroes, Charles, Dick, Ruby, Sarah, Winney, Bess, Nanny, Pegg and Daniel. Item. I give unto my niece Mary Ann Cox my negro girl Letty, which I had out of my father's estate since his death. Item. I give to my nephew John Fleet my best saddle and horses furniture. Item. I give to my godson Richd. Edwards, fifteen pound sterling to buy him a young negro. Item. I lend to Daniel Pugh my negro girl Hannah during his term he now has in the plantation, and afterwards I give the said negro girl to my nephew John Fleet. Item. I give unto my tenant Thos. Edwards, the plantation he lives on from the branch to the walnut tree, for twenty-one years next ensuing, he weaving for Rebecca Banton, eighty yards of Virginia Cloth per year. Item. I give unto the said Thos. Edwards one cow and calf and my cloth coat I now wear, also what tobacco he is now indebted to me. Item. I give to Wm. Mugg my spaid mare. Item. I give to Rebecca Banton my mares Conny and Jewel, and my horse Ball, and my will is that she have the use of my still during her life without fee or reward. Item. My desire is to be buried by my father, and that the burying place be handsomely bricked in at the expense of my estate.

Item. I give to my loving friend Thos. Edwards, ten pounds current money to buy him a suit of mourning. Item. I give to Davy Pugh, my Durry Vest and Breeches. Item. I give to William Mugg, my Durry Coat. Item. I give to Saml. Hinton by black cloth suit of clothes. Item. I give to my trustee and executors hereafter named each a mourning ring of twenty shillings price. Item. The half of all the rest and residue of my estate, I give to the aforesaid Saml. Hinton. Item. The other half of my said estate residue, I lend unto the said Rebecca Banton during her natural life, and after her decease, I give the same to Saml. Hinton. Item. I desire my worthy friend, the Honorable John Carter Esq., to be trustee of this my last will and testament.

Lastly. I do appoint my loving friend, Mr. Thos. Edwards and Saml. Hinton Excs. of this my last will and testament, hereby revoking all other wills by me made. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal, this 26th day of November, Anna Domini, 1735.

HENRY FLEET. [Seal]

7. WILLIAM<sup>4</sup> FLEET, sheriff of Lancaster 1718 and 1719; married Sarah, daughter of Robert Jones, of King and Queen.

Issue: 10. Henry<sup>5</sup>, b. Oct. 10th, 1719, *d. s. p.*; 11. Mary Ann<sup>5</sup>, b. May 12th, 1722, m. (1) Robt. Dudley and had no issue; (2) — Tebbs, and had Robt., Wm. and Henry; 12. John<sup>5</sup>; 13. William<sup>5</sup>; 13. Edwin<sup>5</sup>, b. Aug. 22d, 1729, d. um. Apl. 17th, 1778; 14. George, b. June 15th, 1731.

12. JOHN<sup>5</sup> FLEET, b. Aug. 12th, 1724, m. — Edwards, of Lancaster County.

Issue: 15. Henry<sup>6</sup>; 16. John<sup>6</sup>; 17. Polly<sup>6</sup>; 18. Sally<sup>6</sup>; 19. Ann<sup>6</sup>; 20. Elizabeth<sup>6</sup>; 21. Polly<sup>6</sup>; 22. Judith<sup>6</sup>. From one of these probably descended Col. Jno. Fleet, who lived in Lancaster in 1777.

13. WILLIAM FLEET<sup>6</sup>, born October 19, 1726, was probably the first of the family who settled in King and Queen Co.; married (1) Ann, daughter of Joseph Temple, of King William, she d. May 7th, 1754; (2) Susanna, daughter of John Walker, of King and Queen.

Issue: 23. William<sup>7</sup>; 24. John<sup>7</sup>, of King and Queen, served through the Revolution as a lieutenant in the 2d Virginia regiment and Dabney's Legion; 25. Edwin<sup>7</sup>; 26. Baylor<sup>7</sup>; 27. Mary Ann<sup>7</sup>; 28. Elizabeth<sup>7</sup>.

23. CAPTAIN WILLIAM<sup>7</sup> FLEET, of King and Queen, born December 18, 1757, died at "Goshen," King and Queen, April 11, 1833; was a member of the Convention of 1788; married Mrs. Sarah Browne Tomlin, daughter of Barrett Browne, of Essex, and his wife, Mary Hill.

Issue: 29. Col. Alexander<sup>8</sup>, born at "Rural Felicity," King and Queen, April 26, 1798; was a Justice and member of the Legislature; married (1) Mrs. Hoomes (2) Mrs. Maria A. Butler, and had several children; 30. Benjamin<sup>8</sup>—probably other children.

30. DR. BENJAMIN<sup>8</sup> FLEET, of King and Queen; born January 25, 1818, died March 8, 1865; married in 1842 Maria Louisa Walker, of King and Queen.

Issue: 31. Col. Alexander Frederick, born June 6, 1843; now of the Missouri Military Academy, Mexico, Mo.; married Belle Seddon, of "Snowden," Stafford county—and other children.

The compiler is aware that this is an imperfect account of the descendants of Henry<sup>3</sup> Fleet, and hopes that those having data to supply the deficiencies will send such material to the Magazine for future publication.

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(67) MARY FLINT, ancient planter, now the wife of Thomas Flint, of Warwick River, gent. (as her first dividend), 100 acres in the Corporation of Elizabeth City, commonly called the Foxhill [1], abutting west-erly on the creek parting the same from the land of Point Comfort Island. Granted March 14, 1628, by John Pott.

#### NOTE.

[1] There is a place in Elizabeth City county still called Foxhill.

(68) ZACHARIAH CRIPPS [1], of Warwick River, 100 acres on the north side of Warwick River, abutting southerly upon Saxon's Goale [2], and northerly towards the lands of Gilbert Peppett, deceased, and westerly upon a creek that parts the same from Colson's Island; due for the transportation of Thomas Dryhurst and Matthew Lybing, who came in the *Neptune* in 1618, at the charges of Samual Matthews, Esq., who assigned his right to Cripps. Granted by John Pott, March 5, 1628.

## NOTES.

[1] Zachariah Cripps came to Virginia in 1621, was Burgess for Warwick River October, 1629, commissioner [justice] of Warwick River 1631; Burgess for Stanley Hundred 1632-3 and 1639 (*Robinson's Notes from Gen'l Ct. Records*). He left 300 acres in Ware parish, Gloucester, for the support of the minister (*Hening*).

[2] Saxon's Goale was a small island in James River, off Land's End, Warwick county, still called "The Goale."

(69) RICHARD ATKINS, of Mulberry Island, in Virginia, planter, 100 acres at the head of Kethe's Creek [1]; due, 50 acres for his own personal adventure, who came in the *Abigail* in 1621, at the charges of Captain Wm. Pierce, who assigned his right to said Atkins, and 50 acres for said Atkins' wife, who came in the *Tyger* [2] in 1621, at her own charge. Granted August 7th, 1632, by Sir John Harvy.

## NOTES.

[1] Keith's Creek, which doubtless derived its name from Rev. George Keith, a neighboring settler, has long been called Skiff's Creek.

[2] "Her husband's to Aleppo gone, master o' the Tiger."

(70) CLEMENT DILKE, of Accomack, gent., a lease of 20 acres belonging to the late Company, lying at Accomack, westerly upon the main creek, easterly upon the ground now in occupation of Thomas Powell, and southerly upon the ground now in the occupation of Nicholas Fiskins; the said 20 acres being lately in the occupation of Captain John Wilcocks [1]. Granted by Sir George Yeardley, February 6, 1626.

## NOTE.

[1] Captain John Wilcox, or Wilcocks, came to Virginia in 1620, was Burgess in 1623. The will (printed in the *New Eng. Hist. and Gen. Register*) of Captain John Wilcocks, late of Plymouth, now Accomac, intending to go in service against the Indians, is dated Elizabeth City, September 10, 1622, and proved in England the last of June, 1628, names his wife Temperence, his daughter-in-law Grace Burgess, daughter of his wife, and his sisters Katherine and Susanna Wilcocks. It is probable that he had sons, born after the date of the will, as there was a John

Wilcocks who was Burgess for Northampton 1657-8. His will, dated May 7, 1662, proved in Northampton, May 25, 1662, gives his estate to his wife for life, with reversion to his unborn child. In case the child died he devised the estate to his wife's children, Edmund and Henry Yeardley, and mentions his brother, Henry Wilcocks, and the Yeardley children's uncle, John Custis. A John Wilcox was Burgess for Nansemond in 1655.

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(71) LIEUTENANT THOMAS FLINT, of Elizabeth City, a lease of 50 acres of land lately belonging to the Company—said land commonly called the "Indian howse thickett"—being a neck of land lately in the tenure and occupation of Captain Whitacres [1] on Southampton River. Granted by Sir George Yeardley, February 23, 1626.

NOTE.

[1] This "Captain Whitacres" was, doubtless, Captain Jabez Whitaker, of the Council, and of the House of Burgesses, 1623. He is believed to have been a brother of Rev. Alexander Whitaker, the early minister, as his father, Rev. Wm. Whitaker, D. D., had, by his second wife, a posthumous son named Jabez. Captain Whitaker married a daughter of Sir Johh Bourchier. (See *Va. Hist. Magazine*, January, 1894, p. 295.)

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(72) DOCTORIS CHRISTMAS [1], of Elizabeth City, planter; 50 acres, part of the Strawberry Banks, extending westerly along the bank of the great river. Lease for 10 years at 50 lbs. tobacco a year. By Yeardley, Aug. 24th, 1627.

NOTE.

[1] Ann Elizabeth Christmas was living in Virginia in 1623 (*Hotten*). The will of Doctoris Christmas, dated Dec. 20, 1654, is recorded in York county. He leaves all his estate to his wife and his friend Peter Starkey.

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(73) JONAS STOCKDEN [1], minister, 50 acres on the east side of Southampton River, within the limits of the Company's lands at Elizabeth City; separated by a creek from the land of Lieutenant Thomas Flint, called the "Indian House thickett." Lease for 10 years at 50 lbs. of tobacco yearly. By Yeardley, Sept. 8th, 1627.

NOTE.

[1] Rev. Jonas Stockden, born 1584; came to Virginia in 1620 (*Hotten*). He was the author of a letter, several times printed, which denounces in emphatic language the carelessness of the Colonists in allowing Indians to come freely among them, and declares that nothing could be done to civilize or convert the latter until their head men were put to death. He appears to have been an early exponent of the idea that "the only good Indian is a dead Indian."

The will of Wm. Stockton, parson of Barkeswell, county of Warwick, was dated March 2d, 1593, and proved June 19th, 1594, by his relict Elizabeth. His legatees were his brothers Randolph and Ralph Stockton; the children of his cousin John Stockton, parson of Alcester; the children of his cousin John Gervise, his son Jonas Stockton, eldest daughter Debora Stockton, wife Elizabeth, and daughters Judith and Abigail, cousins John Stockton, and Thomas Gervise and Thomas Benyon, of Barkeswell, yeomen, and John Mossame, of the City of Coventry, clothworker, overseers. The James Stockton of the will was probably the patentee, as it is also probable was Jonas Stockton of the county of Warwick, gent, who matriculated at Brasenose College, Oxford, Feb. 21st, 1605-'6, aged 17.

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(74) DAVID POLE [1], of the Country of France, now inhabiting in Elizabeth City, vigneron, 60 acres at Buck Roe [2], in the precincts of Elizabeth City, lying eastward on a creek parting it from Point Comfort Island. Granted to the said Pole for the use of Master John Bonall, of London, gentleman. Lease for 10 years at 60 lbs. tobacco yearly. By F. West, Dec. 17th, 1627.

## NOTES.

[1] He was doubtless one of the vinedressers brought over in Sir Francis Wyatt's time (*Henning* I, 115).

[2] Still the name of an estate near Old Point.

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(75) JOHN ARUNDEL, gentleman, 12 acres (lease) at Buck Roe, adjoining the lands of David Poole and James Bonall, Frenchmen. By F. West, Dec. 12th, 1627.

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(76) JOHN WEBB, mariner, 50 acres in the plantation of Accomack, adjoining the lands of Captain Clement Dilke and George Medcalfe (lease for 10 years). By F. West, Dec. 12th, 1627.

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(77) JAMES BONALL, vigneron (lease), 50 acres at Buck Roe, adjoining the land of William Hampton, &c. By F. West, Dec. 12th, 1627.

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(78) JOHN HENRY, planter, 150 acres at Buck Roe, adjoining the lands of Wm. Hampton and Wm. Fowler. By F. West, Dec. 12th, 1627.

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(79) WILLIAM HAMPTON [1], planter, 50 acres at Buck Roe (lease for 10 years). By F. West, Dec. 10th, 1627.

## NOTE.

[1] William Hampton, born 1584, came to Virginia 1620. His wife Joanna, born 1599, came to Virginia 1621 (*Hotten*). A Wm. Hampton was minister of James City parish in 1646.

(80) RICHARD BALL [1] (lease), 6 acres in Elizabeth City. By F. West, Dec. 10th, 1627.

NOTE.

[1] Henry Ball was Burgess for Elizabeth City in 1646 (*Henning*).

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(81) NICHOLAS HOSKINS [1], of Accomack, yeoman (lease), 20 acres. By Yeardley, Feb. 1st, 1626.

NOTE.

[1] Nicholas Hoskins, born 1589, came to Virginia in 1616. His wife Temperance came in 1620. In 1624 they had a daughter Margaret, born in Virginia (*Hotten*).

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(82) ROBERT BROWNE, of Accomack, planter (lease), 20 acres adjoining the land belonging to the place of Secretary, at Accomack. By F. West, Sept. 20th, 1628.